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Title: CONDUCTIVE STRUCTURES IN INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

## 4.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer on the barrier layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from unused areas of the oxide layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing a conductor on the seed area <u>after removing the barrier layer and seed layer</u> from unused areas of the oxide layer.

### 8.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing a polymer layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the polymer layer;

depositing a barrier layer on the polymer layer;

depositing a seed layer on the polymer layer;

removing the seed layer from selected areas of the polymer layer, leaving a seed area;

and

depositing a conductor on the seed area <u>after removing the barrier layer and seed layer</u> from selected areas of the polymer layer.

#### 12.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer tantalum on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer selected from the group consisting of gold, silver, and copper on the oxide layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from unused areas of the oxide layer, leaving a seed area; and

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depositing a conductor on the seed area after removing the barrier layer and seed layer from unused areas of the oxide layer.

15.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer tantalum on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer of gold on the oxide layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the oxide layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing gold on the seed area after removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the oxide layer.

19.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, and hafnium on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer of silver on the oxide layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the oxide layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing silver on the seed area after removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the oxide layer.

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#### 23.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, and hafnium on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer of copper on the oxide layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas or unused areas of the oxide layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing aluminum on the seed area after removing the barrier layer and seed layer. from selected areas or unused areas of the oxide layer.

## 27.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing a polymer layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the polymer layer;

depositing a barrier layer selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, and hafnium on the polymer layer;

depositing a seed layer selected from the group consisting of gold, silver, and copper on the polymer layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the polymer layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing a conductor on the seed area after removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the polymer layer.

# 30. (Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing a polymer layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the polymer layer;

depositing a barrier layer selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, and hafnium on the polymer layer;

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depositing a seed layer of gold on the polymer layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas or unused areas of the polymer layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing gold on the seed area <u>after removing the barrier layer and seed layer from</u> <u>selected areas or unused areas of the polymer layer</u>.

34.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing a polymer layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the polymer layer;

depositing a barrier layer selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, and hafnium on the polymer layer;

depositing a seed layer of silver on the polymer layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the polymer layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing silver on the seed area <u>after removing the barrier layer and seed layer from</u> selected areas of the polymer layer.

38.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing a polymer layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the polymer layer;

depositing a barrier layer selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, and hafnium on the polymer layer;

depositing a seed layer of copper on the polymer layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from unused areas of the polymer layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing copper on the seed area <u>after removing the barrier layer and seed layer from</u> unused areas of the polymer layer.

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#### 42.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer selected from the group consisting of zirconium and titanium on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer of aluminum-copper on the oxide layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the oxide layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing a conductor on the seed area <u>after removing the barrier layer and seed layer</u> from selected areas of the <u>oxide layer</u>.

# 45.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer of zirconium on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer of aluminum-copper on the oxide layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the oxide layer, leaving a seed area; and

depositing aluminum on the seed area <u>after removing the barrier layer and seed layer</u> from selected areas of the oxide layer.

### 50.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer of titanium on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer of aluminum-copper on the barrier layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas or unused areas of the oxide layer, leaving a seed area; and

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depositing aluminum on the seed area <u>after removing the barrier layer and seed layer</u> from selected areas of the oxide layer.

56.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench having a top on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer of tantalum nitride on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer of copper on the tantalum nitride layer;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the oxide layer;

depositing a conductor on the seed area leaving a seed area; and

depositing a layer of tantalum nitride above the conductor <u>after removing the barrier layer</u> and seed layer from selected areas of the oxide layer.

67.(Amended) A method of forming a conductor comprising:

depositing an oxide layer over a planarized surface;

etching a trench having a top on the oxide layer;

depositing a barrier layer of tantalum nitride on the oxide layer;

depositing a seed layer of copper on the barrier layer of tantalum nitride;

removing the barrier layer and seed layer from selected areas of the oxide layer, leaving a seed area:

depositing a layer of copper on the seed area <u>after removing the barrier layer and seed</u> <u>layer from selected areas of the oxide layer</u>; and

depositing a layer of tantalum nitride above the layer of copper.